CORRECTED MINUTES OF THE COOPER CHARTER TOWNSHIP ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS HELD ON THURSDAY, MAY 10, 2018

A meeting of the Zoning Board of Appeals for Cooper Charter Township was held on Thursday, May 10, 2018, at the Cooper Charter Township Hall, 1590 West D. Avenue, Kalamazoo, Michigan.

Members Present: Gluchowski, Urban, Magura, Flowers and Reynolds

Members Absent: None.

Also Present: Russ Wicklund, Township Planning Consultant; Applicant,

William Moran and his Attorney, Dan Burns; Esquire Deposition Solutions, Margie Covey, Insurance Counsel, Craig Noland, and

Township Attorney, Michael Homier.

Chairperson Gluchowski called the meeting to order at 4:30 p.m.

Review and Approval of Minutes

Motion by Comm. Reynolds, supported by Comm. Urban to approve the Minutes of the Zoning Board of Appeals meetings held on November 1, 2017 and May 3, 2018. Motion carried 5-0.

Public Hearing

<u>Interpretation of Cooper Township Ordinance - William Moran, 9489 Douglas Avenue (Parcel No. 08-426-016).</u>

Court reporter Margie Covey from Esquire Deposition Solutions was present and prepared a transcript of the proceedings. The transcript is attached, incorporated by reference and, together with this document, shall constitute the entire minutes of the proceedings.

Public Comment

No public comment.

<u>Adjournment</u>

There being no other business, a motion to adjourn was made by Comm. Reynolds, supported by Comm. Urban. Motion carried 5-0.

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1	STATE OF MICHIGAN
2	COUNTY OF KALAMAZOO
3	COOPER CHARTER TOWNSHIP
4	ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS
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7	
8	IN RE: JAQUELINE AND WILLIAM MORAN
9	9489 Douglas Avenue
10	Plainwell, Michigan
11	Parcel No. 39-02-08-426-016
12	
13	ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS
14	SPECIAL MEETING
15	
16	
17	Proceedings commenced at 4:30 p.m., on Thursday, May
18	10, 2018, at the Cooper Charter Township Hall, 1590 West D
19	Avenue, Kalamazoo, Michigan, held before Marjorie A. Covey,
20	CSR-2616, Certified Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public.
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24	
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1	APPEARANCES:
2	COOPER CHARTER TOWNSHIP ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS MEMBERS:
3	Ms. Sheryl Gluchowski, Chairperson
4	Mr. Russ Wicklund, Zoning Administrator
5	Mr. Stephen Magura
6	Mr. Mark Reynolds
7	Mr. Curt Flowers
8	Mr. Keith Urban
9	COUNTRIE FOR COORER CHARMER MOUNTAILER.
10	COUNSEL FOR COOPER CHARTER TOWNSHIP:
11	Attorney Michael Homier (P60318) Cooper Charter Township Counsel
12	Foster, Swift, Collins & Smith 1700 East Beltline, N.E.
13	Suite 200 Grand Rapids, Michigan 49503 616-726-2230
14	Attorney Craig Noland (P30717)
15	McGraw Morris, P.C. 300 Ottawa Avenue, N.W.
16	Suite 820 Grand Rapids, Michigan 49503
17	616-288-3700
18	COUNSEL FOR MR. AND MRS. MORAN:
19	Attorney Daniel Burns (P57422)
20	Burns Law Office 29 Pearl Street, N.W.
21	Suite 145 Grand Rapids, Michigan 49503
22	616-742-1500
23	ALSO PRESENT:
24	Mr. William Moran
25	rir. William rolan



1	Cooper Township, Michigan
2	May 10, 2018 - 4:30 p.m.
3	PROCEEDINGS
4	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: This meeting is called
5	to order.
6	The first business on our agenda is to approve the
7	minutes of the last two meetings. I had Julie bring those
8	in.
9	Have you all had a chance to look them over?
10	BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: Yes.
11	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Do I hear a motion?
12	BOARD MEMBER MR. REYNOLDS: I'll make a motion to
13	approve the two meeting minutes.
14	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Support?
15	BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: I'll support.
16	BOARD MEMBER MR. FLOWERS: Go ahead.
17	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: All in favor, say aye.
18	(All members said Aye.)
19	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: All opposed, say nay.
20	(No members said Nay.)
21	ZONING ADMINISTRATOR MR. WICKLUND: Are those for
22	both meetings?
23	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: For both meetings, we
24	did them both together.
25	Okay. We are met tonight because the Court has



remanded to us a question concerning the interpretation of
our zoning ordinance as it applies to the Morans'
preexisting, nonconforming use and site over on Douglas
Avenue.

This is going to be just a little bit different
meeting than we usually hold because we have such a narrow
scope of what we're going to question.

We're going to question the nonconforming, grandfathered-in legal use and site. So I'd ask you to limit your questions to those aspects. And we're going to hear what our Plaintiffs have to say. And we're going to get public comment. We'll hear any comments from our attorney, and then I'll let you ask your questions. So that's our order tonight.

And then what we're going to do is we're going to recess and give us time to actually consider and research this question. We're scheduling a meeting in June to come back for a discussion and interpretation.

And then Russ will -- or our attorney will write that up and send it in.

BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Could the question be stated?

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: The question is -BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: The question is?

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: -- we are asked, I'll



1 read this literally. 2 It is to provide an interpretation of the Cooper 3 Township Zoning Ordinance as it applies to Plaintiffs 4 Morans -- how do you say your name? MR. MORAN: 5 Moran. 6 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Moran preexisting, 7 nonconforming use/aspects. In particular to state whether a 8 change in the use or aspects of the Plaintiffs' property has 9 occurred, and to state the parameters of what is and is not permitted on the Plaintiffs' property under the Cooper 10 11 Charter Township Zoning Ordinance. 12 This Court retains jurisdiction over the remainder 13 of the case. 14 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Okay. So what you read 15 to me is this memorandum from Ms. Janssen, our township 16 clerk, right? 17 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Well this letter is 18 from Craig Noland from McGraw Morris. 19 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Okay. Do we have that letter? Do all of us have --20 21 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: I don't believe so. I 22 was given it tonight when I was questioning the phrasing of 23 the petition. 24 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: But what you read is the 25 same I believe as the text in the e-mail from Ms. Janssen,



Т	our cierk.
2	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Yes.
3	BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: So it's the same text,
4	but what you're saying is it comes from, it comes from a
5	court?
6	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: This question is
7	remanded to us from the Court.
8	BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Okay. Thank you.
9	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Okay, having said
10	that, could we get you to tell us
11	ATTORNEY BURNS: Yes, thank you, Madam Chair.
12	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Go ahead. I'm sure
13	that you've dealt with this question several times so you
14	know exactly what our questions are.
15	ATTORNEY BURNS: Well you know, we're looking for a
16	description of what you believe that our grandfathered in
17	aspects were.
18	ATTORNEY HOMIER: Sorry, Dan, to interrupt you,
19	would you please just identify yourself?
20	ATTORNEY BURNS: I'm Dan Burns. I'm an attorney
21	from Grand Rapids, and I'm here on behalf of Mr. Moran.
22	Thank you. I apologize for not stating my
23	appearance.
24	Mr. Moran is the property owner on Douglas Avenue.
25	And this is regarding 9489 Douglas Avenue in particular as



far as the property in the township.

The -- in a nutshell we're looking for an explanation of what we're able to do under the grandfathered-in aspects, and we'd like an explanation of what we've done to fall out of or make the necessity of compliance with the current zoning and filing of a site plan would be. So what did we do to come out of that.

To start up, I want to make sure that -- let me give this to -- this is just a copy. I have the original letter that they sent to our tenant, and then just a drawing we provided back in 2007.

Madam Chair, I'm handing you a letter from 2015 which was sent to our tenant, who we entered the lease with and who has paid a substantial portion towards the lease. But this was issued in August, August 5th of 2015.

I want to make sure that that's plain. I know it's already part of the record, but in this letter it states, it's from Russ, and it states that he's writing to advise that the building our tenant, Mr. Bawa, was intending to put a retail outlet in, was never approved or utilized as a retail outlet.

That appears to be the only hang up. I've also submitted to you a drawing from Renee Luster, your former counsel back in 2007, when she went and did a sketch of the entire building, and clearly listed all of the retail areas



that we were using at that time and had been using all the way since the '90s.

This is a retail building that we have been doing retail in. When I was here back in 2006 we were doing -- switching ceramic specialty retail to general merchandise retail, literally like similar to A Dollar Store type of full on preschool, school supplies, general merchandise store. But retail to retail.

It's our position that we've not changed that.

We're just -- we're using the same saleable space, same retail space, and we're switching the items. But we're switching the items from general merchandise this time to liquor and alcohol.

We have the approval of the Liquor Control Commission, or at least it's pending application that's awaiting the decision of the township. We believe that we've complied with all the township requirements for liquor control approval as well.

So back in '06 and '07, we had some changes that we made to the building. And there was concern by the township -- the townships, not just you, but all townships all across the whole state are looking to eliminate nonconforming uses.

This place is no exception to any other place, and it is a straightforwardly stated goal of the community to



eliminate those and bring everything into compliance.

So I understand why we were back in 2006, they had seen there were changes being made, what they thought were enlargements to the building, but what in fact after explanation and a couple of go rounds with the board and the zoning board, we all agreed that we were not changing or enlarging the footprint, which is what the standard is to have to bring a grandfather claused-in, nonconforming site into compliance with current zoning.

If you expand the physical footprint, or enlarge the physical place itself, that is an event which would bring you out of your grandfathered-in use, and we haven't done that this time.

This time it's I believe just alleged that we were not approved for retail use. As I mentioned before, we were approved and continued to do retail both before and after our go around in 2006.

When I look back through the minutes from 2006, a couple things jumped out. The letter from Prein & Newhof back then, we're dealing with the same basic issues. They cited an issue about access to the property, an issue of paving, they had issues with inaccuracies in our drawing that we submitted.

Just like this time, we submitted a drawing because we are trying to, consistent with the township's goal of



wanting to know what's going on in all these buildings, we're not looking to hide anything, we want to give you a drawing. We just don't believe it has to comply with site plan muster and site plan standards. We're doing this more as a courtesy and making sure that the township has the information it needs to confirm that we are not actually changing such that -- the footprint, and not changing our use.

It also gets into the area for required parking.

That was in -- I'm reading from the September 12th, 2006

Zoning Board meeting.

But moving on to the -- there was a meeting that was held on June 12th of 2007, in which they note in the minutes that the Morans are using the same retail area that they have always used. And they believe that -- the Morans believe that it's just -- I actually am there at this point in 2007, that we are certain it's a very reasonable change in the merchandise, which is the same thing that we're asserting this time.

On July 10th of 2000 (sic) we had a meeting with the ZBA, after which they tabled it and we had another meeting then again on July 31st of 2017.

And at that meeting we spent quite a bit of time actually going over what the issues were, and the fact that we had made some changes to the loading area, and some changes to the side.



But after it was explained that these were repairs and not modifications, and they were not expansions by any stretch, at the end of that meeting, the ZBA took a vote on a motion that -- so they moved that based on the records submitted that they did not find an alteration or other change in the building, or the use that required the submittal of a site plan or a special exception use permit application for approval under the zoning ordinance.

There was an issue with the sign at that point and they did limit us to one single sign, and that was an issue that was stated.

And that motion passed unanimously, four to nothing by the ZBA. And they did note, however, that if we did end up changing the sign later in the future, that if there was an actual change that occurred in the future, such that it would require a site plan, that we would have to file a site plan.

What we really want to know and what the Court wants to know, I believe, is what have we done that would justify requiring us to lose our grandfathered-in aspect and use. In particular is it a change in the -- is there something in the ordinance that separates liquor sales from other retail sales? Or is there an expansion of the footprint, of the physical footprint of the location?

These are what would be required in order to



require a site plan. It's our position that retail to retail does not require a site plan.

This is a highly-regulated area. The Michigan
Liquor Control Commission requires substantial vetting for
both the tenant and the property itself, and that should at
least alleviate some concerns about the actual administration
of the retail merchandise.

However, if there is another reason, we'd like to know what the reason is, other than the reason that was stated in the letter we just submitted to the Chair, if you'd like to pass that around to the other members.

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: It's in their packet.

ATTORNEY BURNS: Oh, this letter is?

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Yes.

ATTORNEY BURNS: Okay. So we'd like to know in the interpretation the extent of our grandfathered-in aspects, and then what we've done to change our use, or change our footprint that now has required this.

So if you could just interpret that and provide that interpretation, that's what we're looking for.

I commend and agree with your process that you laid out. I think that it also should -- would require deliberation. And I would ask that you just consider the fact that this was both viewed by other counsel previously, this was also reviewed by a previous board of learned people



like yourselves that just have the best interests of the community just like yourselves in mind. Residents, including my client as well though, and I would like to ask you to treat this as though it was your own nonconforming use.

And while it's always the goal of the communities and the zoning administrator to get rid of these, we're in a community where there are a number of them that still exist and there is a reality to that.

We just ask that the process that is followed -was followed here, be explained. And that's why we asked for
the interpretation along with the other, the variance and the
other relief we asked for in the process on the way to the
Court in this.

But the interpretation was really key. And we never have understood what it is that we've done, because we don't understand how -- it does appear in the zoning ordinance that retail is retail and that this is all included in the same zoning, and this is what we've always operated under.

So we don't know what we've done for the use. We certainly know we've made no physical changes at this point. So we've been at a loss for what it is we've done to comply -- or that we've done that would make us fall out of our vested rights. These are vested property rights to operate with the nonconforming use.



Other than that, I should make it apparent we're contemplating now whether or not we would remove our damages claim also. We haven't made -- we're going to deliberate between now and that date as well.

We may remove our damages claim on this because we're not really necessary looking to ring a bell or to -- my client would love to get his lost lease payments back and his attorney fees.

At the same time we really just want to be able to operate the property like we've done in the past. And we look forward hopefully to a vote from you all that would be consistent with the vote back in 2007 and 2008 that found no alteration had occurred and that the use remained consistent. That's really all we're looking for.

If there is any questions or concerns that any of the board members have, I would happily answer them now. Or if you'd like me to sit down, I would answer them at any point.

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: I think we'll have you sit down and let the others that are in attendance speak.

Thank you, Mr. Burns.

ATTORNEY BURNS: And thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Mr. Moran, did you have anything you want to say?

MR. MORAN: No, I'll keep my mouth shut.



1 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Is there any one else 2 in our auditorium that would like to speak? 3 Mike, would you like to address this next? ATTORNEY HOMIER: Yes. 4 So you have a copy, or you've heard it read, the 5 6 Court's order on remand, sort of a limited scope of review. 7 You should also have the record on appeal in this, and it is 8 somewhat voluminous for a ZBA case, and that's why I think 9 it's important for you to understand what you've heard here 10 today in the context of the record that you should review, 11 and then we can reconvene at a meeting in June for your 12 deliberations. 13 But now is also a time where you can ask some 14 questions that you might want answers to that were raised by 15 Mr. Burns during his presentation so that you can consider 16 all of that prior to the June meeting, at which time, 17 presumably, you would deliberate and make some determination. 18 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Thank you. 19 Mr. Burns? 20 ATTORNEY BURNS: Yes. CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: As I recall from 21 22 previous meetings, you had agreed to submit a site plan? 23 ATTORNEY BURNS: We agreed to submit a drawing. 24 think it was lost in the mix that when we agreed that if you

wanted a drawing -- this happened in 2006 as well.



We don't have any problems providing a drawing. We just -- we want to make it known when we submitted the drawing both then in 2006, when we did it earlier in this process, that we wanted to make it open and plain that it would not comply with the requirements of the site plan, and also we did not believe that it was -- nor did we believe that a site plan was required.

In the -- in an effort to work with the township, and address the concern of the township, the issue that the township had, which was explained to us, that we want to know what's going on in these buildings.

And particularly, not this go around but back in 2006 and 2007 they really wanted to know what's going on in the building, what are these changes that have occurred.

Both then and now, a drawing -- we don't have any problem being an open book. The problem has always been compliance with the site plan which we do not believe is required. And we'll -- we would submit a drawing, but it would never comply with the site plan requirements.

And meeting the ordinance requirements in relation to the site plan too, the site plan wouldn't meet the site plan requirements in that it would not be necessarily to engineering specs. However we did make a couple different attempts this time and we actually did have a drawing put together by an engineer.



Even that drawing, however, was not necessarily crossing every T and dotting every I within the requirements of the site plan submission.

Separately, we want to make it plain now and have consistently, I believe, stated that our property, as it's shown within the site plan, which would be deficient in the way we just stated, the property itself that would be listed there and shown would fail under the ordinance because of the nonconforming aspects and uses of the property, similar to those listed in the Prein & Newhof letter that I just read from, parking, unpaved, access, proper number of parking. It's a big building on a small lot that's been there a long time.

It's awkwardly placed in relation to the right-of-way. We have never had a single letter or any issue with the county road commission. If we did, we would address that with them. Although we've heard a lot of it here, and I know it's a concern to everybody here because the roadways are very important to everyone in the community, and you've always dealt with them very seriously.

However, they are the road commission's right-of-way. And we believe that we've, again, not doing anything that would make us lose our ability to park our cars in the front of the store.

Those are just a couple of the aspects, a



non-exhaustive list.

I did put in my petition a list of what we believe are the nonconforming aspects. If there is others, that's part of what we're asking, if there is others that you see, we'd like to make sure what they are.

But those will continue until we -- until we come out of our protected nonconforming, preexisting, legal uses of the property.

So does that answer your question? If it doesn't --

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: It's a good beginning for discussion.

Are you aware that the Planning Commission will not necessarily require you to meet every point of every aspect of the long list that they have you fill out, that they are allowed to waive some of those and decide which are important to the nature of the property that they're considering, and then they tell you where the deficiencies are, or the corrections should be made that they feel are important, that are necessary to the -- to protect the public safety, the privacy of your neighbors, the quality of life in the neighborhood? Because you are in a neighborhood, and that's something that you need to be respectful of.

ATTORNEY BURNS: It was under that belief that it was not going to meet muster in all the particular details,



and the belief that that's what we were submitting our plainly-deficient-in-relation-to-the-standards-set-forth-in-the-site-plans document that we submitted. It's in that spirit that we submitted it.

We were not making a concession that, yes, we know we are -- we have to give a site plan. We're saying we'll give you a plan and a drawing. And in that spirit of, you know, you guys will look at it, and you'll review the important things and you'll review the nonconforming aspects, and you'll come back with us and say, you know, we need reasonable improvements here and here. However, we appreciate your nonconforming aspects and we don't need you to comply with those.

However, when we submitted it, we were here a few times and each time we were told that our drawings did not meet the site plan requirements. And that we also did not -- we were just told both of those things.

And that's partly why we're back is because we don't understand where -- what it is that we are actually expected to comply with, what it is that we failed to comply with. That's what this interpretation is about.

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Part of the confusion may be that you are lumping the Planning Commission and the ZBA in together. We have -- we're two different bodies, we have two different functions.



They look at that site plan, they tell you where it's deficient and how you can best comply. And then you take their decisions, and if you can not comply with some of that, you come to us and say, we need to do this, and we can't because, and then we rule on that aspect. BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: Or if you don't agree with it. CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Or if you don't agree

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Or if you don't agree with what they asked you to do.

BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: We're an appeal -CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Right. We're an
appeals process but you haven't completed the first step.
You haven't laid the foundation to put your structure on
here.

ATTORNEY BURNS: But that's part of what we're taking issue with is the requirement that we do that first step.

We submitted a drawing, which we do not believe is required, and we believe is sufficient to allow us to move past that August 5th, 2015 letter, which basically said, there is a problem because this has never been used as retail.

We're confused that -- we'll give you a drawing, you say you need a site plan where we come in and said we'll give you a drawing. It's not going to be a site plan.



Τ	And when we submitted it, they said it wash't
2	acceptable.
3	So that's why we moved onto the appeal, and
4	actually found ourselves back with the Planning Commission
5	willing to try to work with them and get a better drawing.
6	We actually went to them three times.
7	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: But you said that you
8	did obtain a better drawing.
9	ATTORNEY BURNS: We did.
10	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Did you then submit
11	that to the Planning Commission for consideration?
12	ATTORNEY BURNS: Yes.
13	MR. MORAN: We did it in 2006 and the township
14	tells that there is no drawings.
15	ATTORNEY BURNS: No, but in this most recent round,
16	you had the engineer submit the drawings and we resubmitted
17	those.
18	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: We have no knowledge
19	that the Planning Commission has received a site plan.
20	ZONING ADMINISTRATOR MR. WICKLUND: They received
21	different copies of a proposed site plan that was never
22	approved by the Planning Commission.
23	ATTORNEY BURNS: That's it.
24	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Okay.
25	ZONING ADMINISTRATOR MR. WICKLUND: So there is no



1 | approved site plan.

2 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: So why isn't the 3 Planning Commission considering it?

ZONING ADMINISTRATOR MR. WICKLUND: Because of the number of checklist items that could not be met.

MR. MORAN: The township gives the drawings to another firm, who reviews it, based upon what the requirements are. And then they put it in a report that says not compliant, compliant, point by point.

Now the thing is there is some problems with that too because they have a different view of what the right-of-way is by feet, as opposed to what the statistics are that shows that.

So I put both of them on the drawing one time because I didn't know which one you wanted to go by.

We tried being nice about it by telling you that these things are what's not compliant, but they're grandfathered.

ATTORNEY BURNS: The issue is so the letter from the engineer comes back and states that the drawings that were submitted, similar to what I just was saying, fail in these particular regards.

There is two categories. One, the drawing itself is not up to engineering specifications in the following ways, and they list the number of ways that the drawing is



deficient or inaccurate. And he's indicating, Mr. Moran right now is indicating that the right-of-way is one example whereas the township -- there is a 60 foot in one and there is a 50 foot in another. So there is some inconsistencies there.

The second category that the engineer then took issue with in his letter is the ways in which the property itself falls short of the ordinance, unpaved parking, the parking itself does not meet the potential required for the business based on the retail footage. Other paved areas — the ones that I just listed, and the ones that are contained in the —

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Here?

ATTORNEY BURNS: Yes, in the minutes from 2006.

So when we, you know, that's the letter that's comes back from the engineer. That's what the Planning Commission has followed at each turn, and that's why we find ourself with the ZBA each time, including back in 2007.

And at that time, the ZBA considered what the Planning Commission was doing, which was, follow the engineer's advice, I get that. They were just following what the engineer said.

However they were not taking serious -- or doing correctly what it was supposed to do with regard to our nonconforming aspects and our nonconforming use.



That's why with what we've done with the ZBA, we've always asked for this interpretation because we want an explanation as well on why these drawings haven't been accepted.

Yes, we plainly know that they don't meet the specifications of what's required in the site plan as far as the engineering and the drawing itself.

We also know that secondly, in many ways, the nonconforming aspects do not meet the requirements of the ordinance. We have always wanted to be plain about that, and open and straightforward.

We're simply looking to continue the retail use of the property, and we don't know what changed this time around that brought about the need for a site plan.

We don't think there is any, and we think that you all have the power to confirm, again, like they did in 2008 that the Planning Commission has been over persnickety about this, and has overstepped their authority in requiring us to both submit a completely compliant drawing that meets the specifications of the site plan requirements, and also a drawing then that shows that our site is compliant with current zoning, and current ordinance requirements. Neither of which are required for us.

And you know, to tell you the truth, certain townships we work with, this works out fine; other townships,



the Planning Commission does not want to, you know, very similar to here, doesn't want to observe the nonconforming use and then the ZBA takes care of it. And that's what happened last time here.

So it's not like unique to here, this happens.

That's what the ZBA is here for. And last time around they cleaned up what was, we believe, a wrongful requirement by the Planning Commission that time around in 2006 and 2007.

This time around again we tried to work with the Planning Commission, we made a number of submissions to them to try to improve the drawings and give them more information.

Again, not to in any -- at any point comply with the requirements, nor to show our property in a way that would show the property as compliant with the ordinance.

Neither of those are required and we were not prepared to do either of those. And when it became apparent that we were being required to meet both of those standards, and we couldn't get relief from the Planning Commission and we couldn't get the Zoning Board of Appeals to recognize that, that's why we ended up in court.

And the Court has recognized at this point that, without deciding the other issues it has retained jurisdiction for, with regard to our request for an interpretation of the zoning ordinance as it relates to our



1 nonconforming aspects, and what we've done to change or bring 2 ourselves out of that vested interest and protection there, 3 that's why we're back here. We just haven't had the straightforward 4 5 statement -- I mean, to just take us -- if you all are, no, 6 you got to pave that parking, tell us. 7 But we don't know what it is both that brought us 8 out of it -- or you guys expanded your footprint by three 9 feet on your foundation, that would do it. Or something else that brought us out of our retail. 10 11 But the letter is confusing. The letter says we've 12 never been retail, and everyone here I think knows that 13 that's been retail for as long as anybody can remember. 14 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Well I just want to ask a couple 15 questions because I think maybe we can summarize where we're 16 at. 17 ATTORNEY BURNS: Okay. 18 ATTORNEY HOMIER: And I just want to make sure that 19 I understand it. 20 You're not saying that you cannot comply, you're 21 saying you don't need to comply, correct? 22 ATTORNEY BURNS: We're not required to comply. 23 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Okay. Based on your 24 interpretation of a legal nonconforming use? 25 ATTORNEY BURNS: Yes. I mean to just, for purposes



of entertaining the question, can we comply? No. I don't believe without parking agreements that that lot can support that building. I think that building is too big for that lot.

This is just me thinking outside of it without trying to -- but is there an ability to comply within that lot? You can pave the whole parking lot, I don't think it's going to be enough. I think you're still going to need parking that's shared somewhere, some sort of agreement.

So that's just one of example of, can we? Technically no.

But that's why it's so important that we have the nonconforming aspects --

ATTORNEY HOMIER: Well let's stop there. Because I don't believe, unless I'm wrong, that you've ever submitted any information to say that you can not comply, other than to say, we're not required to comply.

ATTORNEY BURNS: The submissions this time around have been consistent with the last time and we refer to them and incorporate them.

And last time we submitted parking studies, we submitted traffic studies, we submitted --

ATTORNEY HOMIER: Well because on the site plan that was submitted there was additional parking in the rear.

And I remember asking you the question about whether or not



1	you had an easement to use the neighbor's driveway, and your
2	response was, you had a prescriptive easement.
3	ATTORNEY BURNS: It's a shared driveway.
4	ATTORNEY HOMIER: So you do have the authority to
5	access the driveway?
6	ATTORNEY BURNS: Yes.
7	ATTORNEY HOMIER: By an agreement?
8	ATTORNEY BURNS: I don't believe we have an
9	agreement. I don't know that one is written.
10	MR. MORAN: No.
11	ATTORNEY BURNS: And that's why I used the word
12	prescriptive.
13	ATTORNEY HOMIER: Okay. Prescriptive is not
14	necessarily an agreement.
15	ATTORNEY BURNS: No, it's not. In fact it actually
16	states that it's not.
17	ATTORNEY HOMIER: Okay. Well I want to make sure I
18	get this right.
19	Are you saying you have an agreement or not have an
20	agreement?
21	ATTORNEY BURNS: I'm saying we have a shared
22	driveway by prescriptive rights.
23	ATTORNEY HOMIER: And that's why you showed the
24	parking in the back of the building on the prior site plan?
25	ATTORNEY BURNS: I believe so.



1 MR. MORAN: You're going back to 2006. 2 ATTORNEY HOMIER: No, sir, I'm not. I'm going back 3 to the drawing your engineer submitted. MR. MORAN: There is no parking in -- what do you 4 5 call the back? 6 ATTORNEY BURNS: Yeah, what are you referring to as 7 the back? ATTORNEY HOMIER: It would be on the north side I 8 9 believe, accessing off of that prescriptive easement or 10 shared driveway, whatever you want to call it. 11 MR. MORAN: There is parking there, but that's not the back of the building. 12 13 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Listed on the site plan though, 14 that's my point. 15 MR. MORAN: Okay. But I'm -- you're saying there 16 was some parking in the back on the 2006 drawing trying to 17 show that it was not physically possible to make enough 18 parking -- we don't own enough land to abide by the parking 19 requirements for the number of square foot of retail. 20 ATTORNEY BURNS: So that's an answer to your 21 question about whether we can. 22 The documents that were submitted do show the 23 inability of the lot to sustain, or to provide the adequate



ATTORNEY HOMIER: I don't want to contradict you



parking for retail.

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1 here, but my understanding was -- well let me get to it this 2 way. Do you have a current lease for the property? 3 MR. MORAN: Yes ATTORNEY HOMIER: Okay. Have you provided that 4 5 lease agreement? 6 MR. MORAN: Yes. 7 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Okay. Do you know when? 8 MR. MORAN: When you took the deposition in Mr. 9 Burns' office. 10 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Okay. And the tenant is whom? 11 ATTORNEY BURNS: The person who sent the letter in, 12 the person that was sent the August 5th, 2015 letter, Vikrant 13 S. Bawa. 14 ATTORNEY HOMIER: He's not occupying the building 15 now? 16 MR. MORAN: No. 17 ATTORNEY BURNS: He's paying, but he's not 18 occupying unless he has permission. He has a letter from the 19 zoning administrator from August 5th of last year that says it's not allowed to have retail in there, and it's never been 20 approved or utilized as a retail outlet. 21 ATTORNEY HOMIER: And is that lease for the entire 22 23 building? 24 MR. MORAN: No. ATTORNEY HOMIER: How many square feet is it for? 25



MR. MORAN: I'd say roughly 2000. It's the front 1 2 two rooms. 3 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Okav. ATTORNEY BURNS: The same place that was being used 4 5 for the general merchandise store. It's the same area. 6 ATTORNEY HOMIER: And have you determined how many 7 parking spaces are needed for 2000 square feet? 8 MR. MORAN: No, I didn't. 9 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Okay. ATTORNEY BURNS: There is also still a residential 10 11 unit, apartment unit there. And there is also still --12 they're still leasing and have available for lease the entire basement which is used for retail, and a back area which is 13 14 available for retail. But this would fill the front. 15 We're not abandoning the other areas of retail is 16 all I'm saying, and those would potentially be areas that 17 would require parking, which we will never be able to supply 18 based on the size of the lot in relation to the size of the 19 building. 20 ATTORNEY HOMIER: But as it pertains to this 21 current matter, none of that information has ever been 22 submitted about a calculation of the square footage and the 23 number of parking spaces that are necessary? 24 ATTORNEY BURNS: We believe that Prein & Newhof did 25 that number.



ATTORNEY HOMIER: Okay. But you haven't submitted 1 2 anything? 3 ATTORNEY BURNS: We've taken issue with their 4 number. But, no, we have not -- we have not made --5 ATTORNEY HOMIER: I'm just trying to get the scope 6 of what is in or not in the information that the ZBA has in 7 front of them which consists of the record on appeal. 8 ATTORNEY BURNS: We did not make a submission, I 9 don't believe our engineer submitted what would be --MR. MORAN: When I drew it up, I drew it up with 10 11 the number of possible parking spots according to the rules 12 in the front. 13 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Okay. And I just want to make 14 sure that -- I thought I heard you say, retail -- retail is 15 retail, and therefore retains the legal nonconforming use. 16 Is that --17 ATTORNEY BURNS: Well we haven't increased our 18 footprint. The letter from the township said you are 19 proposing to put a liquor retail, liquor store there, it's 20 not approved for retail. We've always done retail there. wasn't retail liquor but it's retail. 21 22 That's acknowledged by the zoning administrator, 23 it's retail. 24 So that's why we're saying retail to retail, we 25 don't believe there is a change in the zoning classification,



and we don't believe there is a change in the use.

ATTORNEY HOMIER: There is -- is there a provision under the zoning ordinance that you can point to that says retail is retail, the change of use doesn't depend in any shape or form on the product being sold?

Because that's were you're saying, right? I don't want to mischaracterize what you're saying.

ATTORNEY BURNS: I don't know that that's -- I don't know if the ordinance, if it does say that at some point that retail is retail. I'm not familiar enough with the ordinance to know exactly where that is.

I'm just saying that your ordinance defines what is allowed under certain zone classifications, and lists retail among the ones that are allowed where we are. And if it does not, it has always allowed retail where we are.

And consistent with what the zoning administrator wrote to our tenant, he considers it retail still, and what we're proposing is retail.

So what we're really looking for is how -- we're looking for an elucidation or clarification on how is what we're talking about not retail?

So to ask us, do we know where under the ordinance it says retail is retail is retail, that's really what we're trying to get at.

Where do you see it saying something that says



because we switched the items on the shelf, that it's from a retail from one thing to retail of another, that it's now different.

ATTORNEY HOMIER: I understand. What I'm getting at is it's your burden of proof to show that it retains its legal nonconforming status.

And what I want to make sure is that the ZBA understands that what you're saying is that regardless of the product being sold, you can sell any product there, and it does not constitute a change of use.

ATTORNEY BURNS: I think certain products would fall us into industrial, I think certain products would fall us into other things.

I think that what we are -- if I'm selling pipes or installation services along with underground water pipe or if we're building roads there, or if I'm producing something that I'm also selling, there are a number of ways it could be that we're selling things that pull us out of retail.

However, retail products, that's the ones we're talking about, I believe, yes. That retail liquor is a retail store. Retail clothing is a retail store. Retail general merchandise or ceramics, those are retail -- that's what we're doing, we're getting it wholesale, we're selling it retail.

Item by item on shelves, that people will walk in,



pick up, look at, go to the front door, purchase and leave.
It is a typical retail operation.

There is a -- there is a distinction with these particular products and that is that they involve a highly regulated substance, and because of that, there is additional regulation.

However, the regulation that you set forth we believe we've complied with as far as the difference on the -- of the merchandise, we've complied with that. We don't think there -- and so you all feel better about the notion that we're selling these products that are highly regulated within your community, the state also regulates it with the Michigan Liquor Control Commission. And we believe that we are compliant with what they require as well, as well as our tenant. And they will vet both the property site and they'll vet the tenant to make sure that it's not inappropriate.

BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: May I ask a question or are we still --

ATTORNEY HOMIER: I just have a couple more because I just want to make sure that --

MR. MORAN: I couldn't hear what you said.

ATTORNEY BURNS: He's just asking for the chance to speak yet, and he's saying I have more questions.

MR. MORAN: Okay.



1 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Are you aware that the zoning 2 ordinance has been amended? I'm just asking if you're aware. 3 MR. MORAN: Amended when? ATTORNEY HOMIER: I don't recall off the top of my 4 5 head, but it would now require liquor stores be a special 6 use. 7 ATTORNEY BURNS: Since our tenant was notified that 8 the township knows that --ATTORNEY HOMIER: I don't know what the exact date 9 10 was, but I'm sure it was in the interim sometime, yes. 11 MR. MORAN: Why --12 ATTORNEY BURNS: We were ready, we're turn-key, and 13 ready to go, if it weren't for that letter from the township. 14 We were ready in August of 2015. 15 ATTORNEY HOMIER: I know. I just wondered if you 16 are aware that it's now a special use permit. 17 If there is new things, they don't ATTORNEY BURNS: 18 apply to us because we made our application and were ready to 19 go prior to that. 20 I think that that's one of the issues you raised in your motion for summary disposition. 21 22 MR. MORAN: When I brought that up on the website, 23 that's where I was sent by the front office, it listed like 24 15, 20 types of businesses that could be in there, and 25 packaged liquor was one of them.



That's one of the reasons why I told Vik, yes, I can rent to you.

ATTORNEY BURNS: So we were all set to go and we signed the lease and he paid thousands of dollars for the lease, and then he received a letter from the township that said, you don't get to do retail there, there is an issue, there has never been a proper authorization and there has never been a prior use of retail. Both of which we take exception to because that's not the case. It was approved in 2007 and we've used it since the '90s as retail.

ATTORNEY HOMIER: I suspect you wouldn't disagree with the statement that if the Court were to find that there was a change in use, you would not have a legal nonconforming use/aspect to the site, is that true?

ATTORNEY BURNS: Actually, the way the legal standard states it is it would have to fall out of its classification entirely, or it would have to be enlarged, there would have to be an enlargement of the use.

ATTORNEY HOMIER: Well let me go back then to my question which was, you -- and I tried to summarize this in what your position was. Because you're saying retail is retail is retail, and then yet you carved out some exceptions where you may be selling retail.

ATTORNEY BURNS: I'm not understanding what you just said.



ATTORNEY HOMIER: So you say it doesn't matter what the product you're selling, as long as it's retail.

Hang on. That was your argument.

And then you said, no, no, there might be some that are different.

ATTORNEY BURNS: Again, you have listed in your ordinance a number of different permitted uses within retail.

I'm not saying retail is retail is retail.

I'm saying that I understand why you have those things listed because they're all very similar. They're walk in, look at the shelves, pick out your merchandise, that was purchased wholesale, being sold retail, walk up to the front counter, purchase it and walk out. I get that.

You have a number of things listed, packaged liquor is one of them. So for those things listed in your ordinance, retail is retail is retail is retail, yes. That applies to those.

I gave a number of examples of items that might be considered industrial and put us in a different classification of zoning, if it was manufacturing, if it was also incorporated into something that was industrial.

None of which apply to us, and would be examples of technical sales that don't actually, if it's commercial on a certain scale, it may fall out of that. That's right off the top of my head. I don't know that.



1 But I'm not saying every retail is every retail. 2 You may have some that are treated differently. This retail however, ceramics to general 3 merchandise to packaged liquor, retail to retail to retail. 4 ATTORNEY HOMIER: But that is not stated in the 5 6 ordinance anywhere, is that right? 7 MR. MORAN: Not that I can think of. 8 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Okay. I can tell you a retail that probably 9 MR. MORAN: 10 would not fit in that category anywhere in this township and 11 that's selling porn star movies and stuff like that. 12 I'm sure in the ordinance it says you can't do 13 that. But it's retail. 14 ATTORNEY BURNS: Anyway, what we're -- there are a number of things that are listed. And packaged liquor --15 16 where did you say that you saw that, on the website? 17 That's where they sent me. MR. MORAN: Yes. 18 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: I need to get some 19 clarification because my mind is kind of being preoccupied 20 with a question in my head. 21 The property as has been stated, the property has been operating as retail for quite some time, but it's a 22 23 legal nonconforming use. 24 At some point in time, the property wasn't 25 operating as retail, and by what means did the property



1 originally become --2 ATTORNEY BURNS: Nonconforming? 3 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: Correct. ATTORNEY BURNS: Okay. And that's a good one 4 5 because actually I researched this, and if you go far enough 6 back, it used to be a restaurant. 7 And what happens is it's a restaurant, and then 8 that restaurant goes under and it goes sold to the next guy 9 who uses it as a dog kennel, and a feed store, then a 10 ceramics store. 11 All of these changes and different uses occurred 12 before a zoning ordinance, some of them before a zoning 13 ordinance existed, but are you --14 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Do you know when, what time 15 period? Because the township has had zoning since 1943. 16 ATTORNEY BURNS: I thought it was back in the '40s 17 when that restaurant was there. 18 But whatever it is, these aspects to it, I don't 19 believe they actually -- what I understood was the change was 2.0 back in the '50s and the ordinance was in the '50s, and that the restaurant was in the '40s. But it could have been in 21 22 the early '40s when the restaurant was there. 23 I was told that, I didn't actually ever find a 24 document that said that.

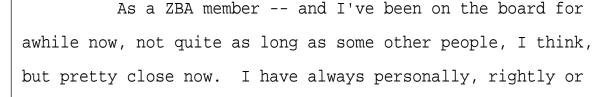
The way it became nonconforming is a zoning



1 ordinance change that changed the parking requirements or 2 changed these elements on there that wasn't there prior. 3 And before that it was allowed, before it was allowed under the ordinance, and then after it got changed, 4 5 the people who were doing business there, as long as they didn't expand the business and lose their ability to still 6 7 operate like they used to, it still continues. 8 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: Can I expand on that a little bit then? 9 10 ATTORNEY BURNS: Yes. I'm not stating, I'm 11 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: 12 asking, so please correct me immediately if I'm 13 misunderstanding some things here. 14 If you have a legal nonconforming property use, and 15 you also -- and acknowledging that a township has a 16 responsibility to the community to reduce legal nonconforming 17 properties --18 ATTORNEY BURNS: Yes. 19 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: -- I think we have an 20 obligation to look at everything that comes before us with the understanding that we have an obligation to reduce those, 21 22 the amount of unconformity, or the nonconforming altogether. 23 ATTORNEY BURNS: I wouldn't call it --24 MR. MORAN: With one additional phrase to that, 25 without taking away the rights and hurting the property



1 owner. 2 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: I'm not disputing that 3 sir, at all. I'm merely an engineer who is trying to get data 4 5 into his head. That's all I'm trying to do. 6 ATTORNEY BURNS: I'm hearing what you said. 7 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: Please, I listened to you 8 talk for quite some time. 9 ATTORNEY BURNS: I'm not trying to interrupt you. I'm just trying to explain. 10 11 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: I need to get up to speed. 12 So if we understand the spirit of the Zoning Board, 13 and, yes, we're not here to take away people's rights and 14 prosperity. That's not what I would want someone to do to 15 me, okay, and I'm a citizen here too just like you. 16 But trying to follow the line of what's put in 17 front of us, how could we expect as a board to ever have a 18 chance of doing that if, by some reason, we're not supposed 19 to have a review of all of these changes of circumstance over 20 time? And I know you want to address this, but you brought 21 up a restaurant and a couple other things. Put that on pause 22 for a minute.





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wrongly, taken into account the total circumstances, the totality of the circumstances of what the request is put in front of us, before me.

Now I heard retail is retail is retail, and I understand that argument, and it's a wonderful argument. I get it, it follows a great logical path.

However, I would submit that retail is retail is retail except when the retail you're selling draws a different form of business, or requires to be -- or has a different set of operating methods or standards or times, or different traffic patterns, or anything else that would directly or even to some extent indirectly affect the neighboring properties. Because in my mind, again rightly or wrongly, those things contribute to increasing the non-conformanality or reducing.

So if you take a business that used to be a restaurant and cars are coming in and out, and now you take it and you put it into a pottery business and the traffic patterns go down, by the nature of the business, then that's less conforming.

Now you do the reverse, and we don't have -- and there is no, at least not before me, any form of a site plan, I'm confused, because I don't have anything to go on.

So I know I said a lot. So please.

ATTORNEY BURNS: So a couple of different things.



To address your first question, the example that's used in a lot of the cases are junkyards that are, that find themselves right downtown. And it's been there forever. The guy who owns it, his great-great grandfather owned it and they've always maintained it and it's right downtown and nobody wants it there.

BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: No, it gives me a flat tire every time.

ATTORNEY BURNS: Or there is a pig farm downtown.

So in these cases though, where these junkyards have gotten into trouble, if they were to get into trouble or were to lose their nonconforming, is when they're expanding.

There is one that's a premier example, one of the premier cases was a junkyard and they went gangbusters and started using other areas of the lot where they weren't before and the building got bigger.

And in that case, and in other cases, the courts have stated what it takes in order for you to lose your grandfather claused-in nonconforming.

And the only exception -- and you're an engineer so you'll appreciate what I'm getting at here, to what you're saying about it's the duty of the township to eliminate the nonconforming. Its not the duty, it's the goal.

And it's a goal because it's appreciated both by the court and all communities that these older businesses



that existed at a time when it was perfectly appropriate for them to operate in a manner, if they stay consistent to their load, and their grandfathered-in aspects and their grandfathered-in uses, and they don't expand, we're kind of stuck with them.

And if the pig farm or the junk yard that's downtown or the grocery store or whoever it may be, or the old muffler shop who used to sell gas, or whatever it might be, if they're still selling gas, and now it's not allowed under the new ordinance, they can still sell gas.

They add another pump, they just made a mistake, now they have to comply with zoning.

We've done nothing to add to ours is our point. We've stayed nestled within our footprint. We've done nothing to increase or change our use in such a manner -- there are certain changes of use, I don't know if a restaurant change would do it, but let's use that as an example.

We change to a restaurant. You show up one day and we're operating as a restaurant. Maybe that would be a change, but it's actually very clear in the case law that if you stay within your zone classification, and you don't expand your footprint, you're pretty safe that you can continue to operate within your grandfathered-in use.

It's when you expand your footprint, enlarge your



1 | business, that's where the problem is.

BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: So you would not consider hours of operation an expansion?

ATTORNEY BURNS: No. In fact you listed a bunch of things earlier that would be a concern to you that would factor into if you were trying to get rid of nonconforming aspects, or if somebody was changing from ceramics to general merchandise, hey, it's general merchandise. There is going to be a lot more people that are interested in general merchandise than just the speciality of ceramics. And they're probably not going to spend as much time there so it's going to be in and out and in and out, so you got a lot of back-up traffic and we've got frontage parking into the roadway right-of-way. There is a lot of potential areas to be concerned with.

That is what the case law sets the standard for.

Depending on the board, maybe they have an engineer or not,
they might find two or three things they're concerned with.

The next board might find 16 things.

We get into an arbitrary or -- depending on the people you're dealing with, their particular concerns are the concerns you have to deal with.

And the community and the board itself needs more consistency than that.

So the ordinance itself lays out standards. And



that's what Prein & Newhof was consult with, those are the issues that we always deal with, water runoff, storm detention, paved parking, these elements that they dealt with in ours.

But these are also elements that we know that as long as -- that we've dealt with these in the past. And you have to trust the former boards and their decisions that we were within that to carry some of the load here.

And as far as coming up with new concerns, it's not fair. You can put any of those new concerns you like and encode them and make those the new rules, the new guidelines for at any point that you as a board decide to do that, or completely redraft the ordinance.

But what this does is it allows you the flexibility to do that for the future, and to mark a line in the sand, and it also allows those owners that have their business running and operating before that to continue and have security in the knowledge that as long as we do this, not only can we do this, I can sell to somebody, and I can let them know by law, you can come in and you can do this.

When he bought this property, Mr. Moran, he came to the board -- or he came to the commission and spoke to the people on staff and made -- asked, you know, can I do what we're planning on doing here? And they all let him know it should be fine.



And it was years later that we ran into a difficulty when we switched the merchandise on the shelves.

BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: So, Mr. Burns, your fundamental -- or not fundamental, but a contention that you have is that the ZBA should not have, nor -- should not have the right or the obligation to understand what is being sold? Your argument is that our considerations for appeal should not involve understanding the nature of a retail business because the retail business is already legal nonconforming as a retail business?

ATTORNEY BURNS: It was a retail business, it was legal. Ours is retail, it was a legally nonconforming and preexisted as a retail store prior to the changes in the zoning ordinance that make it now nonconforming. It was legal before that.

ATTORNEY HOMIER: Sorry just to interrupt, I want to make sure we're clear for the ZBA.

We're not necessarily talking about the -- when we say nonconforming use, we're using that term generally. It really refers to the site itself.

ATTORNEY BURNS: I myself have been saying both aspects and use generally, because I think there is aspects of it that are the site itself, and I think there are parts that one could consider a use.

It's inclusive. What we are doing with retail is



consistent -- you may be right. I don't really understand what you're saying. But that's why I used both terms aspects and use because I think it might be either.

ATTORNEY HOMIER: And one point real quick, you mentioned a number of times what case law does or does not provide. Do you have any citations to any particular cases?

ATTORNEY BURNS: I was just using the junk yard example. And there is, probably either of you guys might know the case. I don't have the cite, no, I don't.

ATTORNEY HOMIER: Okay.

ATTORNEY BURNS: I was using the example of a downtown junk yard that was grandfather claused in. There is an example of a case in Michigan where they expanded their physical footprint and that's used as an example of how you can use it.

And also I think as a good example of what communities have as a goal. Do you want the junk yard in the downtown area? Maybe not. And if it's nonconforming, that makes sense.

BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: So -- and I'll let someone else talk with one more thing on my mind taken care of.

I understand everything you're saying. And to be very honest with you I'm weighing it very objectively, believe it or not.

One of the challenges that I personally have, and I



think maybe others have, is that I'm not sure I agree with your retail is retail is retail, I will say that. But I'm still objectively trying to understand that argument.

If I was to try and entertain that though, I kind of would need to have some form of something in front of me that says how you're going to address any changes in the site's use, considering it's nonconforming, I need something in front of me.

ATTORNEY BURNS: See what you're landing on right now is what has turned into quite a dilemma in this situation.

I am also hearing your dilemma. You're hearing ours in that we'd like to continue to use our property in a consistent yahda yahda manner, and yet you're concerned with how do we know what's going on there.

BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: Trust but verify.

ATTORNEY BURNS: Right. Right.

But you can see from our records both in 2006 and this time around, and it's candidly bitten us, our willingness to engage in a process that tries to address that issue.

We have always had an ear for your wanting to know what's going on over there. That's why we've been willing to submit drawings that are noncompliant quote, unquote, site plans, and that's now been interpreted as us relenting.



And we say, yes, we'll admit that we are required 2 to do a site plan. We never made such an admission. 3 On the other hand, we always had an ear for the township's dilemma on you want to know what's going on over 4 5 there. We don't have anything to hide. 6 The last time, the document we submitted here, the 7 second document was the attorney for the township. We walked 8 her through, she drew out certain aspects of it. We showed 9 retail here, retail there. She's got them all indicated on 10 the drawing. 11 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: I think you mean 12 assessor instead of attorney. 13 ATTORNEY BURNS: It was actually Renee Luster, the attorney who was there, wasn't it? 14 15 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: She's not an attorney, 16 she's an assessor. 17 MR. MORAN: She came to the building --18 ATTORNEY BURNS: Oh, I was thinking of Roxanne 19 Seeber who was the attorney. I'm confusing it. 20 MR. MORAN: She came to the building with one of her associates and asked if she could measure the building. 21 I said, sure. 22 She said, I want you to walk with me. 23 24 I said, no problem. 25 We walked all the way around the building and she



drew that up and give me a copy of it. 2 I didn't make that up, she did. 3 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: We have a copy of that 4 here in our packet. 5 ATTORNEY BURNS: But what we're using that as a 6 example of is Mr. Moran's willingness to be an open book, and 7 to address that concern that you just very rightly stated, 8 which is we have to verify what's going on over there. 9 That's also why we were willing to submit 10 additional drawings to the Planning Commission this time 11 because we felt that in good faith, if we did that and 12 address that concern, we want to know what's going on over 13 there, and we showed them. And we showed them we didn't expand anything, come in and look, our footprint is the same 14 15 size. So you -- great. 16 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: 17 ATTORNEY BURNS: But now it's come back to be taken 18 as an admission against us. 19 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: I don't want -- no, I'm 20 not personally thinking that. 21 MR. MORAN: To answer one of your questions --22 MR. BURNS: Let him --23 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: No, he's fine. 24 MR. MORAN: To answer one of your questions, I may 25 not use the exact correct terms, but under Code 201.C or



1 whatever it is, there is a listing of like 15 different kinds 2 of businesses that can be there, and I think a dentist office 3 might be one of them. But a packaged liquor store is one of 4 them. 5 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: For a legal -- the 6 confusion for me is it's a legal nonconforming. 7 ATTORNEY BURNS: Legal. 8 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: Legal nonconforming. MR. MORAN: But that's my classification of sole 9 10 retail, that is considered retail, and I told him yes, I can 11 rent to you. 12 I knew the township would be notified of it, 13 because he side, it will take months for the Liquor Control 14 Commission to approve it. They came and visited the facility 15 three times before they gave him the license. 16 They gave him the license and that's when they sent the letter to the township. 17 18 The township sent the letter to Vik, never notified 19 me that my tenant was being told he couldn't go there. Naturally he called me up and said, what's this all about? 20 And I said, well that's wrong, that's a 21 22 misunderstanding. 23 ATTORNEY BURNS: And that's where we found ourself. 24 And when we came back to the commission, we tried

to comply with what your issue exactly I think succinctly



1 stated was. You've got concerns and you want to know what's 2 going on there. And we did try a number of times to do that 3 before we took it up to where we are now. And we've been attempting to give you what you 4 5 need, and yet hold our line on we're not required to meet 6 zoning, and we're actually not even required to give you this 7 drawing that we just gave you. And it's not going to meet 8 the requirements because we're not required to do it in the 9 first place. But we also know that you want to see it, and we don't have anything to hide. So here it is. 10 11 MR. MORAN: Does the township want to get rid of 12 the building? I'll sell it to you. 13 ATTORNEY BURNS: All right. All right. 14 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: When was the last time 15

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: When was the last time that you had a tenant in there, that it was used commercially? Not your renter, your residential area, but your commercial area.

MR. MORAN: I think my last year was 2011.

ATTORNEY BURNS: We've marketed it since then.

MR. MORAN: I've had three or four people come to rent it but they couldn't come up with the money.

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: That was your Rent a Dollar?

ATTORNEY BURNS: That was Stretch a Dollar.

MR. MORAN: Yes.



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1 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Oh, Stretch a Dollar, 2 I'm sorry, instead of Rent a Dollar. 3 And that was 2011 you said? MR. MORAN: I think that's when he gave up the 4 5 license. 6 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Okay. One of the 7 things I'd like to clarify for the board is this commercial 8 -- or this property is zoned commercial. The liquor store is 9 a commercial use, it's the site that's nonconforming. BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: Okay, thank you. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: But that is the reason 12 why we are struggling because you're going from -- I'm going 13 to reveal my age, I used to go to Fran's Ceramics. I used to 14 help her clean her house. She lived there, she taught there, 15 sold there. 16 It was an owner-occupied split building with her 17 home in one side and her building in the rest. 18 And after that it remained a ceramics store, which 19 combined teaching and sales. And went to another, you 20 know -- basically the same type of low-key family friendly businesses have continued there all this time. 21 22 But we've come to a point here where to me we are 23 looking at a change in the business to something that is not 24 a small, family operation, addressing other families on 25 limited hours, and limited days.



We are now looking at something that's going to be probably seven days a week, pulling in a very adult group of customers. And this is one little spot in a residential

Our concern is not you having the liquor -- my concern is not you having the liquor store. My concern is how are you going to protect the neighbors from the impact of the change? Because you're going to have more days, you're going to have a lot more hours at the very least. You will probably have a lot more traffic. Because when you come in for ceramics, especially a lot of them were there for the classes. They're there for two hours, three hours at a time.

Now you are talking a lot of in and out traffic, you're going to be talking a lot of headlights, taillights, people maneuvering. Potentially, maybe not.

But I hope that you succeed, I hope that you have these issues. But I think that what we need to do is have you take that site plan into the Planning Commission. I think the Planning Commission needs to review it and see what they can live with and what they need to, feel needs to be done --

BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: To address that.

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: -- to address the issues of protecting the neighbors from the impact so that they do not lose their quality of living. I'm just saying --



neighborhood.

ATTORNEY HOMIER: That is the proper function of the Planning Commission.

But by Court order, this board has to decide whether or not there was a change in use for purposes of a legal nonconforming use status. That's what you've been asked to decide.

ATTORNEY BURNS: And if I may --

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Please.

ATTORNEY BURNS: You have listed a bunch of your personal concerns, they make a lot of sense to me.

Mr. Urban has also stated a number of things that, from the engineer's perspective, make a lot of sense to him. Mr. Flowers and Mr. Reynolds may also have their own personal angles on these. And you bring those all eclectically and as a unit to the board. And these are all things that shape in your abilities as a board.

However, we're limited to the rules and the guidelines that have been set out there.

These are all wonderful concerns that could be incorporated into a new ordinance, or could be made requirements for anybody in the future. But what we have to have is a fair and consistent lens that we all look through both before a zoning ordinance changes, and then once it's changed, how we look back at it.

Because that's where we are now, we're in a new



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zoning era. We're dealing with a property that's still in an old zoning era. And how does the business owner know what is going to be the concern of the zoning board when it's not in writing?

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Because usually he would submit to the Planning Commission, they make their decisions, and then we hear it on appeal.

But one of the things that has gone back eons is how are you going to buffer your neighbors from a negative impact? How are you going to keep their property values from dropping?

ATTORNEY BURNS: Yes, but that's not one of the issues listed in Prein & Newhof's letters. And it's not one of the issues that when we look through the ordinance you required us to consider.

I understand absolutely that. And there may be noise regulations. There may be any number of berms or different types of things that you would require.

I think there was just a truck --

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Or a simple fence.

ATTORNEY BURNS: There was a truck place that was approved and they had to put up some barriers in order to approve things for neighbors.

But my point is this, this is an older site. It has to do something that requires it now to meet the new



standards.

The question is did we do something, or does this change, which is within the commercial, commercially allowed -- we're in a commercial area. The use is consistent, it's within another commercial use, that's why we're talking retail to retail.

But that's all we're jumping -- not even from office to retail, which is also in commercial, but we're within our zoning classification and we're sticking with retail.

There is another side to the things that you're saying, yes, there is potentially more traffic, but the traffic is quick, it's in and out. There is not necessarily as much lingering traffic. It's not like it would be a bar, it's not like it's dangerous traffic --

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: But that's part of the issue is the headlights will be flashing there after the dark.

ATTORNEY BURNS: But see these are very good concerns for the future board and future sites.

But when we put in our tenant, we used the rules that were in place then that applied to our site. And they didn't require us to consider those things to make changes.

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: But your retail businesses have not had evening hours.



1 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: There has been a change of 2 use by the --3 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: The use, the very 4 nature of how people come and go is changing. I have two corrections to what you were 5 MR. MORAN: 6 originally saying. 7 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: 8 MR. MORAN: One is you were talking about the 9 ceramic business, how it was a friend of yours that ran it. My wife's business was not like that at all. 10 got it back up and running, it was a mess when we bought it. 11 12 She added a lot of different products to it that was all 13 retail. We bought it in, we put it on the shelf and sold it. 14 It wasn't the old -- all the old ceramic stuff was there, but 15 we added a lot to it. 16 My wife worked her little off and she deserves 17 getting something back on that. 18 The second thing is when we put the Stretch a 19 Dollar in there, everybody was concerned about all the 20 traffic. We kept records on traffic hourly for months, turned it in, and it was nothing like what they expected. 21 Wе 22 wish it would have been, because that would have been the 23 business to keep it going.

So everybody is so upset about this. They don't

know if there is going to be any problems at all. The odds



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are there will not.

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: But the odds are that they will be operating at night, and that's why they have an obligation to the people that surround them.

ATTORNEY BURNS: Hang on.

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Go ahead.

empowered, and what we're here for is for you all to decide if that, for example, might be one of the ways you could decide that, because there is evening hours they've changed their use, and now they have to submit a -- that could be the basis. I'm not sure what you're going to decide.

There are some differences retail to retail, our merchandise is different, we'll be regulated by the LCC, the previous one wasn't. You can put your hat on any of these.

What I'm telling you is from our position, and what we've taken into the Court is these were not required from us. These are great examples of things that would be concerns for the neighbors and that the board in the future may be concerned with and maybe make requirements.

However, we're just looking for what it is we did to lose our ability to switch the merchandise on the shelves.

And if that's it, that's it, then we need to know.

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: For me, you have gone from a general merchandise to a highly regulated and



1 restricted product. 2 The State of Michigan is making you jump through 3 extra hoops because they feel this is a product that needs to 4 be regulated. 5 MR. MORAN: And they approved it. 6 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: And a site that needs 7 to be regulated. 8 ATTORNEY BURNS: Yes. 9 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: And I think that we 10 can do no less diligence than the State of Michigan. 11 ATTORNEY BURNS: Which is they followed their 12 rules. 13 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Right. 14 ATTORNEY BURNS: And if we had a -- and that's what we've asked for in this case, is there were rules in place, 15 16 certain ones that apply to us and certain ones that don't. 17 And the ones that don't, we would ask not be 18 applied to us. We have not been made aware of any new 19 requirements regarding the lighting that applies to packaged 20 liquor stores. 21 Packaged liquor stores fall within commercial and

there is no additional zoning requirements other than what's listed within the --

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: And that's one of the things we need time to look at. And we need time to figure



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1 out just how much is impacted, we need to figure out if the 2 township has regulations that --3 MR. MORAN: Most of the problems that I have in complying with the site plans was created by Cooper Township 4 5 when they allowed that property to be divided the way it was divided. 6 7 I wasn't anywhere near this township when that 8 happened. That was originally taken out of the big lot 9 behind it, and there is only 1.4 acres there that this 10 building is sitting on. 11 Some of that is not usable for parking. So I can't 12 meet the requirements for parking. 13 But when I can't rent my property for three years, 14 I'm losing money in order to do some of the things to make 15 you guys happy. 16 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: So I'm trying --17 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Keith, can I speak? 18 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: Go ahead. I'm sorry. 19 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Okay, you broke my 20 chain of thought here. 21 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: Sorry. 22 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Go ahead, I'll get it 23 back. 24 BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: My only position right now, honestly, from this point is I'm trying to wrap my head 25



around what was asked of me to wrap my head around, which is what is the interpretation.

And honestly I'm trying to interpret in my head what is our interpretation of the use, in my mind.

And that's really -- all the things that we've talked about are all consequences of use. So in my mind, my interpretation as of now is leaning towards, yes, how you sell retail and what retail you sell is a form of the use.

And because it's those -- it's the consequences of those things that impact the community, and that's the responsibility of the Zoning Board of Appeals to make judgement on whether a disagreement at the lower level is something that can be allowed because it doesn't impact the community and there was a misinterpretation, or it does impact.

ATTORNEY BURNS: So what you're stating -- I understand that.

However, this isn't a moving object. We've got a real clear indication of what this is.

The lower level is the Planning Commission, and before that, it was the zoning administrator. That's why I submitted you that letter. This all starts when the zoning administrator took the unilateral step of interjecting himself into what are -- we already had approval of the Liquor Control, we already had our lease, we had everything



in place. We were just looking to go forward.

But the township zoning administrator sent a letter, and I think you're stuck with the letter. It doesn't say all those things.

It doesn't say the lighting and the buffering is bad with the neighbors. It doesn't say the issues that you just raised are bad.

It says, that site is not approved for retail, it's never been approved for retail and it's never been utilized as retail. And I think that you guys are looking to support that. Not come up with new things. Maybe, you may, you can do what you want.

But I'm saying that I believe that that's what the Planning Commission was presented, and we've asked them that -- we've tried to convince them that, no, we've always been retail and we are consistently being retail. And we're going through all the required steps to switch to these merchandise -- this merchandise.

And when they didn't accept it, then we went to the Zoning Board of Appeals to try to let you know -- actually we tried a couple of times with the Planning Commission, and then eventually worked our way to the Zoning Board of Appeals to either have them allow a variance or acknowledge our nonconforming aspects. And support the fact that the letter from the administrator was incorrect, that this has been used



as retail, it's continuing to be used as retail. It has been both approved in the past, and utilized in the past and continued to be utilized this way.

These are good points and these should also inform your deliberation, and you may want to also ask your counsel, you know, vet what I'm saying to you.

But I think that what we're here on is the bases that have already been laid out for what we have a problem with, not new ones. Maybe there are new ones.

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: One think I want to say is to Mr. Moran. And I want you to understand is the reason that there is a Zoning Board of Appeals is because there are often sites -- there are frequently sites that do not meet and cannot comply with township ordinances.

And that is where they go to the Planning

Commission, and they get that decision that you don't comply.

And then they just come to us and say, you know, we're

supposed to have this, we can't have this, can we have the

variance.

ATTORNEY BURNS: But a variance is typically nonconforming --

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Please. Your answers are very long, and I want to keep this simple for just a little bit. Go ahead.

BOARD MEMBER MR. REYNOLDS: Thank you.



1 As a way to maintain some zoning flexibility in our 2 township, all the while protecting property value and 3 ensuring safety and security for our residents, we have 4 created special exception use, okay, legal uses. 5 And by virtue of liquor being one of those, and 6 ceramics not being on the list, speaks very clearly to me 7 that they're very different kinds of commercial enterprises. 8 That's why we take great care in establishing 9 numbers of feet away from liquor stores to the closest residential property. That's why we take great care as a 10 11 Planning Commission, I am also a member of the Planning 12 Commission, to look at site plans, particularly for special 13 exception uses, because they're different. 14 So if we're trying to find out if there is a

So if we're trying to find out if there is a difference between a commercial ceramic enterprise and a liquor sales store, I don't think we need to look any further than a list of special exception uses permitted in our zoning ordinance.

ATTORNEY BURNS: However, within the same commercial uses, packaged liquor is listed in there.

BOARD MEMBER MR. REYNOLDS: It is.

ATTORNEY BURNS: We don't need a special exception is what I'm saying.

CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Right.

BOARD MEMBER MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, you do. It's on



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1 the special exception list. Special exception use, adult 2 foster care, agricultural crop farming, asphalt and concrete 3 ready mix, you know --CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Mr. Magura, you had a 4 5 question? 6 BOARD MEMBER MR. REYNOLDS: I'm done. 7 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Well, look, this isn't a 8 matter of what does the current -- what's the current zoning 9 regulations. It's a matter of are they in conformity with 10 the zoning regulations that were in effect previously, right? 11 ATTORNEY HOMIER: No, actually that's not the 12 question. 13 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Okay. So do they need to 14 be in conformity with the current zoning regulations? 15 ATTORNEY HOMIER: The scope of the order on remand 16 from the Court is for the ZBA to determine whether or not 17 they have retained their legal nonconforming status, in which 18 case they would not have to meet site plan review 19 requirements; or in the alternative, that there has been a change of use or other circumstances where the legal 20 21 nonconforming use is now gone, and they would have to meet 22 the requirements of site plan review. 23 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Well I've heard that now 24 a number of times and I think I understand it, but perhaps

I'll never understand it since it keeps being read.



1 ATTORNEY BURNS: Can I --2 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: No, no. I want to say 3 something here. ATTORNEY BURNS: 4 Sure. BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Use, right? I mean you 5 6 can write something in the ordinance now which defines, you 7 know, a particular use in such a way that they would not 8 conform, but isn't the issue of whether they're grandfathered 9 in based on prior definitions? 10 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Not necessarily prior 11 definitions, but rather actual uses. So the question really, 12 and I think Mr. --13 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: But a user --14 ATTORNEY HOMIER: Hang on a second. Let me finish. 15 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Sure. 16 ATTORNEY HOMIER: I think Mr. Reynolds summed it up correctly, and that is this board has to determine whether a 17 18 Stretch a Dollar is the same as a liquor store. 19 And if it's not, then there is no legal 20 nonconforming use. They would have to comply with site 21 planning. 22 If, however, the ZBA says, Stretch a Dollar is the 23 same sort of retail as a retail packaged liquor store, and 24 there has been no change of use, then they've retained their 25 legal nonconforming status and would not have to meet site



1 plan review. 2 ATTORNEY BURNS: But it's not just any change. 3 It's an expansion --ATTORNEY HOMIER: No, I'm sorry, you're not -- Mr. 4 5 Burns, you're not --6 ATTORNEY BURNS: Let me --7 ATTORNEY HOMIER: No, your time is finished. 8 talking to my client. Your time is done. Don't interrupt 9 me. 10 Listen, the issue is as I stated earlier, if Mr. Burns has something to say, I'm sure he will say it, or 11 12 already has. 13 We differ on the scope of the law when it comes to 14 nonconforming uses and what it means. But the board will 15 have a chance to deliberate those issues at the meeting in 16 June. 17 This really was the applicant's opportunity to 18 present what they wanted to present. I think they've been 19 given a full and fair opportunity to do so. 20 I think this board needs to consider the record on 21 appeal, what's been presented by the applicant, and then we 22 will reconvene in June where you can deliberate these issues, 23 and come to a conclusion within the scope of the Court's 24 order.

BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Right, well I obviously



1 started to try to analyze this situation. But I'm satisfied 2 that I understand the position of the applicants. 3 So if our job here was to try to understand the position of the applicants, for myself, I think I understand 4 5 the position of the applicants. 6 If someone else wants to analyze it here and start 7 to try to come to some kind of closure, is that the idea? 8 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: We will do that in 9 June. 10 ATTORNEY BURNS: Mr. Magura, one note on what you 11 were saying though. 12 It is not whether or not we are, the issue is 13 whether we complied with the old zoning, it's whether we have changed in such a manner, and to finish what I was saying 14 15 before, changed in such a way that it actually either expands 16 our footprint, or is such a distinct change in the 17 business -- there are certain changes that would actually 18 like blow you out of the zoning classification --19 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Okay, let me ask you 20 this. 21 ATTORNEY BURNS: Okay. BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Let me ask you something, 22 23 what's the criterion of change? 24 ATTORNEY BURNS: Well generally it's the zoning

ordinance, in our opinion. And we've taken the position that



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1 we are under commercial, these uses are all allowed --2 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: So you're taking the 3 current -- you're looking at the current zoning ordinances, and you're saying, have we changed, according to the 4 5 criterion of the current zoning ordinance? 6 ATTORNEY BURNS: Yes. 7 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: So if the current zoning 8 ordinance, which let's say previously never made any mention 9 of packaged store, now says, a packaged store is a change from another retail, then you feel that we need to comply 10 11 with that? 12 ATTORNEY BURNS: Actually what we're asking is what 13 have we done? Our question is much more open ended. 14 We don't -- because what we have consulted with 15 both previous and the current zoning, under the commercial 16 listing of what you can do in an area that's zoned like ours, 17 it says you can do general merchandise, and you can do 18 packaged liquor. 19 That's what we've used as the standard to believe 20 that we have not changed our use. Counsel --21 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Well --22 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: I think we've debated 23 this enough tonight. 24 ATTORNEY BURNS: Okay, but then --CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: I would like to --25



1 ATTORNEY BURNS: I just have one last issue --CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: I would like to --2 3 ATTORNEY BURNS: I have to state this for the 4 record. I just need to make a record on this. Your counsel 5 will just -- I'll state it really quickly. 6 It is a conflict of interest, there is an attorney 7 general's opinion on conflict of interest, and for a Zoning 8 Board of Appeals to operate without a conflict of interest, 9 they shouldn't have members of the board that they're reviewing as a part of the deliberating body. 10 11 It's unfortunate, but --12 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Are you talking about 13 a member of the Planning Commission? BOARD MEMBER MR. REYNOLDS: It's required by state 14 15 law. 16 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: It's required by state 17 law to have one member of the Planning Commission on the 18 Zoning Board of Appeals. 19 ATTORNEY BURNS: Again, on a deliberation, I 20 believe that it's Frank Kelley's position, maybe that's changed, but when I last checked it said it's a conflict of 21 22 interest to be on the appeals board for your own decision. 23 ATTORNEY HOMIER: I'll look at that issue. Mr. 24 Burns is right that there is an attorney general opinion dealing with conflicts of interest that may preclude a member 25



1 of the Planning Commission voting on the same issue in which 2 he voted as a planning commissioner. 3 But here the issues may be different. ATTORNEY BURNS: I'll just leave it at that. 4 5 Really you can sluice this out or advise them anyway you 6 I just wanted to make sure I stated it on the record. 7 The last time I had it it was a horse farm. 8 ATTORNEY HOMIER: I appreciate that. 9 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: May I ask Mr. Burns 10 another question, because I got confused? 11 CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: If it is something 12 fresh. 13 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Well I got confused as to 14 his last answer, and then some other things intervened, 15 right? 16 The current zoning ordinance apparently makes a 17 distinction between retail use when you sell ceramics and 18 retail use when you sell packaged goods, okay? So it makes a 19 distinction if you go from ceramics to packaged goods, you 2.0 have a change of use. 21 So you're conceding that you do have a change of 22 use? 23 ATTORNEY BURNS: We are, and have been, operating 24 within our commercially classified zoning use. It's been 25 retail. We believe that what we've done in going from



1 general merchandise to packaged liquor retail is not such a 2 change as -- regardless of what the zoning ordinance says, we just used the old zoning ordinance as an example of, within 3 your own commercially -- the definitions of what was 4 underneath there, when we submitted our plan, it was one of 5 6 the ones listed. 7 That's why we didn't ask for any permission and 8 that's why we were planning on going forth with it until Mr. 9 Wicklund wrote the letter to our tenant and interfered with 10 our relationship. 11 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: When you said you 12 submitted your plan, what plan are you referring to? 13 ATTORNEY BURNS: No. Our plan -- not submitted. 14 Our plan to have a new tenant that was selling new 15 merchandise. We didn't believe we had to submit anything, 16 it's allowed under the ordinance. 17 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: What's this plan? A plan 18 for a tenant? You have to submit a plan to somebody? 19 ATTORNEY BURNS: No. We actually got a tenant who 20 was planning on selling packaged liquor. 21 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Yes. 22 ATTORNEY BURNS: We entered into a lease with them. 23 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Yes. 24 ATTORNEY BURNS: They then went about and made a



significant down payment to us on the lease.

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1 BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: Yes.

ATTORNEY BURNS: They then went about their approvals with the Liquor Control Commission and invested money there. Got their approvals. The last step was notification to the township.

BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: Why notify?

ATTORNEY BURNS: I don't know. The Liquor Control Commission did. But for whatever reason your zoning administrator on his own wrote our tenant a letter and said you, tenant, can't do what you're planning on doing at Mr. Moran's site because that's never been retail.

That's how we know what it is your problem is. He defined your problem.

Now all these new ones -- that's why I said, these are really interesting issues, but I don't believe that that's where we are because that's not what the issue that's already been stated is.

BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: So that's how it came about, okay. All right.

ATTORNEY BURNS: As far as the new zoning, that's -- we just feel it's a good example to show that when we did this, the reason we went about it that way is because we were within commercial and it was just within another acceptable use within commercial.

Now they have changed. And I'm not saying that we



1	always have to adhere to the first, or whatever the most
2	current one is. And I think that's what you were trying to
3	get me to concede.
4	BOARD MEMBER MR. MAGURA: So when you say you
5	applied, you applied
6	ATTORNEY BURNS: In the generic term of the word
7	application.
8	BOARD MEMBER MR. REYNOLDS: This is deteriorating
9	into a very unproductive conversation.
10	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Okay. I would
11	entertain a motion to adjourn.
12	BOARD MEMBER MR. REYNOLDS: I agree.
13	ATTORNEY HOMIER: Hang on, hang on.
14	So this will be set for a special meeting, as all
15	the ZBA meetings are, in June.
16	But before you adjourn you have to hold public
17	comment which we did not do.
18	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: Okay. My apologies to
19	everyone.
20	BOARD MEMBER MR. FLOWERS: I thought we did.
21	ATTORNEY HOMIER: No, there was a public hearing
22	portion, but just generally public comment
23	CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: General public
24	comment. Would our general public like to comment?
25	MR. MORAN: I'm still willing to sell it to you.



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1
               ATTORNEY BURNS: I really appreciate the time and
 2
     concern you're all putting into this. You can tell you're
 3
     taking this very seriously.
               And thanks for your patience today, I didn't intend
 4
 5
     to go on.
 6
               CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: I think it's just
7
    becoming repetitive. At this time we need to --
 8
               ATTORNEY BURNS: Be productive.
9
               CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: We need to be
10
    productive and we need to reflect.
11
               ATTORNEY HOMIER: And we'll notify you of the date,
12
     of course.
13
               CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: The meeting is not set
14
    yet. It's just June.
15
              ATTORNEY BURN: Thank you.
               CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: I have a motion on the
16
17
     floor to adjourn.
18
               BOARD MEMBER MR. URBAN: I second it.
19
               CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: All in favor, say aye.
20
                        (All members said Aye.)
21
               CHAIRPERSON MS. GLUCHOWSKI: All opposed, say nay.
22
                          (No members said Nay.)
23
                     (Meeting adjourned at 6:10 p.m.)
24
25
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1	CERTIFICATION OF COURT REPORTER AND NOTARY PUBLIC
2	
3	
4	STATE OF MICHIGAN)
5) SS
6	COUNTY OF MUSKEGON)
7	
8	I certify that this transcript, consisting of 79
9	pages, is a complete, true and correct record of the Cooper
10	Charter Township Zoning Board of Appeals held on May 10,
11	2018.
12	
13	
14	DATE: May 15, 2018
15	Manage Com
16	
17	MARJORIE A. COVEY, CSR-2616
18	141 East Michigan Avenue, Suite 206 Kalamazoo, MI 49007
19	1.800.878.8750
20	Notary Public Expires: October 14, 2021, Muskegon County, Michigan/Acting in the State of Michigan.
21	country, michigan, accompanition beate of michigan.
22	
23	
24	
25	



